

## Origin of the Linear Term in the Expression for the Approach to Saturation in Ferromagnetic Materials\*

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There has been confusion for many years over the origin of the  $a/H$  term in the expression for the approach to saturation,  $M/M_s = 1 - a/H - b/H^2 + cH$ , observed in many ferromagnetic materials. A calculation is presented which suggests that residual internal strain contributes significantly to this term. Internal strain has previously been thought to contribute only to the  $b/H^2$  term. It is further suggested that the  $a/H$  term has been overemphasized and has validity only over a limited region of the  $H$  axis. The effect of internal strain is deduced from consideration of a problem concerning nonhydrostatic strains induced in slightly porous magnetic material subject to external hydrostatic pressure. A comparison with recent experimental work supports the calculation.

### I. INTRODUCTION

There has been continued interest for many years in explaining the various terms which occur in the expression for the approach to saturation observed experimentally in many ferromagnetic materials:

$$\frac{M}{M_s} = 1 - \frac{a}{H} - \frac{b}{H^2} + cH. \quad (1)$$

The  $cH$  term has been adequately explained in terms of paraproceses. The constant in the  $b/H^2$  term has been shown to be

$$b = \frac{8}{105} \frac{K^2}{M_s^2} + \frac{3}{5} \frac{\lambda_s^2 \langle \sigma_i^2 \rangle_{av}}{M_s^2}, \quad (2)$$

where the first part is due to crystalline anisotropy,<sup>1</sup> and the second part, derived by Becker and Polley,<sup>2</sup> is considered to be the influence of internal strain on the approach to saturation.

The origin of the  $a/H$  term is not well understood. Calculations by Brown<sup>3</sup> have shown that dislocation effects can contribute to this term, while Néel<sup>4</sup> has concluded that stray fields due to nonuniform magnetization may bring about forces

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